Dual and concurrent enrollment programs are popular, prevalent, and impactful. They are a key postsecondary engagement and success strategy for helping students transition from high school to college.

**9 OUT OF 10 HIGH SCHOOLS OFFER COLLEGE COURSES**

Students completing college courses in high school are more likely to:
- Graduate high school
- Go to college
- Stay in college
- Complete a degree

**ONE IN THREE HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS TAKE COLLEGE COURSES**

Nationally, 34% of U.S. high school students complete a college course in high school.

Some states high school students’ postsecondary course-taking rates far exceed the national average.

**CONCURRENT ENROLLMENT IS THE MOST COMMON COURSE DELIVERY MODEL**

- 86% take college courses at a high school
- 17% take college courses on a college campus

**A POWERFUL EQUITY LEVER**

Students from low-income backgrounds and participate in dual and concurrent enrollment are 10-30% more likely to go to college than their non-participating peers.

Students in majority-minority school districts that participated in dual/concurrent enrollment were 32-56% more likely to go on to college after high school than non-participating students in the same school district.